The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1867. NO. 299.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

LETTER FROM COLONEL OULD.

RICHMOND, July 19, 1867.

Hon. Charles A. Etheridge:

My Dear Sir:—I have seen your remarks as published. They are substantially correct. Every word that I said to you is not only true, but can be proved by Federal officers. I did offer in August to deliver the Federal sick and wounded, without requiring equivalents, and urged the necessity of haste in sending for them, as the mortality was terrible. I did offer to deliver from ten to fifteen thousand at Savannah without delay. Although this offer was made in August, transportation was not sent for them until December, and during the interval the mortality was perhaps at its greatest height. If I had not made the offer, why did the Federal authorities send transportation to Savannah for ten or fifteen thousand men? If I made the offer based only on equivalents, why did the same transportation carry down for delivery only three thousand men?

Butler says the offer was made in the fall, (according to the newspaper report,) and that seven thousand were delivered. The offer was made in August, and they were sent for in December. I then delivered more than thirteen thousand, and would have gone to the fifteen thousand if the Federal transportation had been sufficient. My instructions to my agents were to deliver fifteen thousand sick and wounded, and if that number of that class were not on hand, to make up the number by well men. The offer was made by me in pursuance of instructions from the Confederate Secretary of War. I was ready to keep up the arrangement until every sick and wounded man had been returned.

The three thousand men sent to Savannah by the Federals were in as wretched a condition as any detachment of prisoners ever sent from a Confederate prison.

All these things are susceptible of proof, and I am much mistaken if I cannot prove them by Federal authority. I am quite sure that Gen. Mulford will sustain every allegation here made. Yours, truly,

R. OULD.

P. S. General Butler's correspondence is all on one side, as I was instructed at the date of his letters to hold no correspondence with him. I corresponded with Mulford or General Hitchcock. R. OULD.

GENERAL GRANT ON RECONSTRUCTION.—A special dispatch to the *Boston Advertiser* says:

"There has been a good deal of talk during the past two or three days about General Grant's position on the reconstruction question. It will be remembered that some time last summer one Colonel Hillyer, formerly on Gen. Grant's staff, wrote a letter to somebody in Indiana, saying the General endorsed the President's policy, which allegation was met by saying that neither Hillyer nor any one else had authority to speak for him. The Democratic members of the Judiciary Committee of the House, it appears, thought a point for the President might be made out of the matter, and accordingly General Grant and Col. Hillyer were summoned to give evidence in the impeachment inquiry. Hillyer testified that a long interview took place in February of last year between the President, General Grant, and himself, and that his letter as to General Grant's position was founded on what was then said.

"Hillyer had but recently returned from an extended tour in the South, and was giving some account of affairs down there. He spoke of the generally unsettled condition, and General Grant indorsed his report by saying he had discovered the same state of facts in his hurried trip a short time before. The President made some observation to the effect that matters would not become right till the States were restored to the Union, and that this ought to be done as soon as possible; to which both his hearers assented. General Grant was before the committee on two occasions, and his evidence was far enough from being pleasing to the gentlemen by whom he was called. He said in effect, as it is understood, that he had not thought it his province to meddle in politics; that he had never been asked by the President for his advice or opinions on political matters; that in all he had said about the necessity for early restoration of the Union he had spoken as a military man and as a citizen, and not as a politician; that in his view military rule ought to cease as soon as possible consistent with justice and safety; that the Southern people themselves should be anxious for restoration of the civil authority; that he had always understood the President's work in the South as of a temporary character, and at most as but an aid to Congress in setting up the civil governments; that he had not sympathized with the President in his conflict with Congress; that he thought the fixing of terms of reconstruction was matter belonging to Congress; that in his judgment the South made a grave mistake in not long ago heartily accepting the terms offered; that he stood firmly by the Congressional plan, and that he was anxious now, as he had been ever since the end of the war, for the early restoration of the rebel States to the privilege of representation in Congress."

FASTING AND PRAYER.

The Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, have issued the following address:

"We propose that Friday, the 16th of August next, be observed in all our churches as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer—that God would be pleased to pour out his spirit upon us and upon all flesh; that he would show us our sins and help us, by a true repentance, to turn away from them; that he would send forth laborers into his harvest, who may serve him more faithfully and efficiently than we have done; that he would build up the Church and comfort her waste places; that he would grant us all those blessings, temporal and spiritual, we have need of. And we further propose that this day of special fasting and prayer be preceded, wherever practicable, by religious exercises, begun on the previous Sabbath and continued day by day till the Sabbath following."

A Gloucester paper says there is a young lady in that town so modest that she will not allow the *Christian Observer* to remain in her room over night.

A yellow girl in Lynchburg, Va., has three times tried to kill herself. She is madly, hopelessly in love with a Yankee major recently stationed there.

RECONSTRUCTION,—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,' passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time posses the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

Rev. S. MILTON FROST, President.

July 22-296-2awt01

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.

JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at *"The North Carolina Book Store," No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellaneous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City reference, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.

July 22-294-3m

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL,

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN BOYS, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful.—The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the Instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

REV. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

REFER to Bishop Atkinson, and the Clergy of N. C.; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala; Bishop Wilmer, of La; Gen'l Joe. E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.

July 20-295-3m

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND, SESSION OF 1867.

The next ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first day of October, 1867, and continue until the 1st. of March, making a term of five months.

D. H. Tucker, M. D. Prof. of the Practice Med.
B. R. Wellford, M. D. " Materia Medica, &c.
L. S. Joynes, M. D. " Physiology, &c.
James B. McCaw, M. D. " Chemistry.
Hunter McGuire, M. D. " Surgery.
F. D. Cunningham, M. D. " Anatomy.
E. S. Gaillard, M. D. " General Pathology, &c.
J. H. White, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Every necessary means will be employed by the Faculty for the illustration of the lectures. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy.

Clinical Instruction at the Howard's Grove Hospital, the College Hospital, and the Richmond City Dispensary, located in the College building.

FEES: Matriculation $5; Professors' tickets, each, $15; Demonstrator of Anatomy, $10; Graduation, $30. Board may be obtained in Richmond at from $5 to $7 per week.

The Catalogue, containing full information, will be sent to those desiring it, on application to

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

July 17-292-3taw2ww2m

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

5 Hhds. Cuba Molasses.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 20-296-tf

FOR SALE,

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT BELONGing to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained until the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
Agent.

July 9-285-2awtd

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits, Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Family Grocer.

April 3-tf

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.
LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *quoting*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We Have Also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE, VIRGINIA.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION Commences on the 19th. of Sept. 1867.

In addition to the schools of Moral Philosophy, Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Modern Languages, the board has established a school of

COMMERCIAL SCIENCE,

in which are taught the branches of a business education;—thus uniting the literary, scientific and practical. Young men studying for the ministry, and soldiers disabled by the late war, who are in necessitous circumstances, can attend free of tuition. All scholarships valid.

Expenses for ten months including meals, use of furniture, (averaged,) fuel, lights, washing, matriculation and contingent fee and tuition in three schools—so as to occupy the whole time—$300; one half payable at the begining of each term.

A daily line of hacks (Sundays excepted) runs from Boydton Station, (Richmond & Danville Railroad,) to Boydton

Send for Circulars.

THOS. C. JOHNSON,
President.

Boydton, Mecklenburg Co., Va., July 19-294-3w

RICE'S MANUAL,

OF THE

U. S. BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1867,

WITH THE

Rules, Orders and Forms of Proceedings thereunder

CONVENIENTLY

Annotated, Classified and Arranged. Bound in Law Sheep—Price $5.

ALSO,

The Bankrupt Law, with all the Rules, Forms, &c., in Pamphlet. Price 25 cents.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

July 17-292-tf

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.

It will not soil or grease the clothing.

It produces a soft and beautiful light.

It is not trying to the eyes.

It is the Cheapest Burning Fluid ever offered.

It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C.

FINE MULES FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has FOUR LARGE FINE MULES for sale, which he wishes to sell *for cash*. Any one wishing to purchase would do well to call soon.

JAS. A. JOHNSON,
Barclaysville, Harnett Co.

July 17-292-1aw3t

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

800 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.

1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.

1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.

Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at corresponding low prices.

These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.

2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents.

The best article for Travelling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.

The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.

8-4 White and Black Crape Morets. Also Grenadines.

5,000 yards Black Alpacas: positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½ 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.

3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Gro Grain, for 1 30, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2,50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.

1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.

Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for travelling, watering places, &c.

The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Setts!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $250.

10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 20 to 50 cents, worth double the price.

The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.

1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.

Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen, Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.

Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting, from 37½ to 62½ cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

June 20-266-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE.

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867.

The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10,00 per month,	$100.00.
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00.
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00.
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,

L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

June 14-262-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING ECONOMICAL PUMP.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $35;

No. 2, $30,

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

TO THE LADIES.

Another lot of T. MILES & SONS' Kid and Morocco Shoes.

ALSO, LACED AND CONGRESS LASTING SHOES.

Also, a beautiful assortment for Misses and Children.

Call and you will return to your homes, saying, 'I was lucky in stoping at Cooke's and getting a pair of Miles' Shoes."

July 5-281-tf G. T. COOKE.

FOR SALE

Another large lot of N. C. Cut HERRINGS, in kegs and Bbls.; Family Roe Herrings in kegs and Bbls.; Gross Herrings and Roes in Bbls.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
June 6-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLUE AND GOLD POETS:

GOLDSMITH, WORDSWORTH, HOOD, COWPER, TENNYSON, LONGFELLOW, OSSIAN, HALLECK, MOORE, SCOTT, MCCAULEY, MEREDITH, MISS MULOCH, MORRIS, WILLIS, MILTON, PRESTON, BYRON, BURNS, HEMANS, CAMPBELL, COLERIDGE.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 29-249-tf

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th. 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th. 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Mail trains leave Raleigh	9,30 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon	2,30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10,30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3,50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4,50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6,30 A. M.

The mail trains make tunnoun connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.

Progress and Standard copy till forbid

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDIcine in Raleigh and its vicinity.

OFFICE, at Col. Geo. Little's.

Raleigh, July 5-278-1m

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. Va.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, Va.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, Va.

Route *via* Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route *via* Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, Va.

Route *via* Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, Va.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-4m*

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2,50.
" " WEEK	12,50.
" " MONTH	35,00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th. the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,
June 5-253-2m Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD.....Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

BELMONT SCHOOL,

Granville County, N. C.

The FALL SESSION of 1867 begins July 11th.

Boys arriving at Henderson, N. C. at the proper time, will find prompt conveyance.

For Circulars, address,

R. H. GRAVES,
June 28-273-2wdaswlm Oxford, N. C.

100 REAMS BEST WRAPPING PAPER
100 lbs. " " Twine,
to be sold cheap.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16-291-tf

Standard and Progress copy.

DANIEL PRATTS' GINS.

(50 SAWS)

We have one of these *celebrated* and *reliable* Gins in Store, which we will sell at manufacturers, prices, freight added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16-291-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY BEAUTIFUL,

PAINTINGS,

OIL PORTRAITS,

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, June 4-253-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orriss "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras,	Carthamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel,
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low*.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

mar 2-178-tf

ATTENTION PHYSICIANS.

A Physician, enjoying a good practice in a thriving Village of 1500 inhabitants, on the Central N. C. R. R., is desirous of selling his house and lot, together with his good will, to some reliable and intelligent Physician, as he desires to go into other business.

For particulars, apply at

June 28-273-1m THIS OFFICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th. August, 1867, at the Court House door in the town of Plymouth, the undivided interest of Joseph B. Roulhac, deceased, (which is the one half,) in the Swamp known as the "ROULHAC SWAMP" in Washington County—lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. B. McRae, Hardy Everett, and others,—containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT,
Administrator, &c.

Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-daw5w*

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Bayin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE AMERICAN BITTERS.

**The Great Southern

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1,00
For two months,	2,00
Three months,	2,5
Six months,	5,00
One year,	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	5,00
" " six months,	2,5
Weekly Sentinel, one year,	3 0
" " six months,	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1867.

REGISTER! REGISTER! REGISTER!

Gen. Sickles will no doubt, in a short time, issue his order for Registration, and will specify, we trust definitely, so as to be fully understood by every one, who are entitled to *register* and *vote*. So soon as the day arrives for the registration, we beg and implore every man, thus entitled, to go and *register*. Let nothing but severe sickness, or disqualification under the law, prevent you from registering.

EXPENSES OF GOVERNMENT.

The Southern people are in no condition to pay heavy taxes, yet our poverty does not exempt us. High taxes will be the lot of the Southern States for several years to come, if not longer. Under Radical policy this heavy burden will fall almost entirely upon the white people. Great as the franchises are which have been bestowed upon the colored people, few of them yet have any idea of aiding in the support of the government. The small tax of fifty cents on the poll or head of men between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five, which ought at least to be required of every man before his votes, will not be collected out of the colored people for years to come, as a general rule. They seem to think that they are entitled, not only to freedom, the right to vote and to hold office, but to entire immunity from taxation. Should such a state of things continue without a large influx of a white population, the native whites, upon whom nearly all the burdens of government must rest, will be compelled to seek immunity by removing to more favored portions of the country or to some foreign land.

Those who simply look to the present, urge the entire demolition of the existing State Governments as a needless expense. This position they take, reckless of the fact, first, that the State governments, even though they be provisional, are the only remnants left us of even a *quasi* civil republican government,—that when these are destroyed, we may never have another State government,—that no one can calculate with any certainty when the States will be restored, or when military rule will be removed. Secondly, they do not consider that nothing so attaches our people to the State, as even the shadow of civil government, and that its entire removal will be the harbinger of an exodus, perhaps unprecedented.

Besides, if we are wholly governed by military rule, the entire expense will be fastened at once upon the people of the State. No government is so cheap as our State governments were, as heretofore organized, and, on the other hand, no government is so expensive as a military government. The cost of the Freedmen's Bureau and the military governments in the Southern States, from the surrender to their termination, will in some form, sooner or later, fall on the Southern people. Who does not believe that the Freedmen's Bureau costs double, if not treble, what it would have done, if it had been administered by the officers of the State governments? The expenses of the Department of Justice in the States will be quadrupled, if administered by the military instead of the State civil Judges. The cost of the trial of Major Gee, in this City, a year or more ago, was ten times what it would have been if it had been a case for our civil Judges, and we suppose this is equally true of every matter brought before a military Court.

We talk of expense—of economy in governmental affairs. Why, we have not begun to know or to feel what taxes are, if all the duties of the civil government of the State are to be transferred to and to be managed and controlled by military authority. We observe that a cotemporary, the other day, in alluding to the resignation of Judge Merrimon, expressed the opinion that all the Judges should follow his example. Should they do this and the administration of justice be placed entirely in the hands of those who would manage it according to the military *regime*, who can calculate the cost?

SUPPRESSING COMMERCE.—We are informed that the Sheriff of Currituck county, North Carolina, has served notices on several parties in that county, prohibiting them from shipping their corn out of the State, under orders from General Sickles.

This is, in our opinion, better calculated to retard than to advance the object he has in view, which is the supplying of the Western part of North Carolina, in which section corn is said to be scarce.

If Gen. Sickles would only look to the topography of the country, he would see that corn intended for shipment to the Western part of the State has to come to this city for transmission per railroad to that point.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

We have heard nothing of the above. No order of General Sickles to that effect has been made public. The object of Gen. Sickles, if he has issued such an order, is to prevent the corn made in the State from going out to be bought up by distillers. Yet, it is true, as the *Virginian* says, Norfolk is the most convenient depot for corn grown in Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Tyrrell and Washington, all corn growing counties, if it is intended to be bought up for the consumption of the upper counties in this State. Charleston was formerly the great market for corn grown in these counties. Wilmington, too, has received much of its supplies from these counties and from Hyde.

John C. Breckinridge writes that he is tired of the hubbub of the Paris exhibition, and is going to Switzerland before leaving for Canada in September.

THE TWO THEORIES.—The Southern States formally declared their connection with the Union at an end. For four years they abjured, renounced and denounced the Union, and warred with those who fought for it. The question is whether all this amounted to anything. The President maintains that it did not; that the Union remained intact, and the Constitution always in force over the States that repudiated it. These States are, he contends, as a consequence, now members of the Union, and entitled to the protection of the Constitution. If his premises are right, his argument is right. But he is met by Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, with the denial of his premises. He declares, and the action of Congress is in accordance with his theory, that the Confederate States ceased to be States in the Union, and that the Constitution ceased to apply to them; that the war was conducted, under the law of nations, and that they are now conquered territory held subject to the disposal of the United States, to be erected into States and given the protection of the Constitution only in the mode and at the time that may suit the United States. We may say of his theory, as we have said of the President's, if his premises are right, his conclusion is right.

We take the foregoing from the Richmond *Whig*. The two theories are correctly stated. Can the *Whig* hesitate a moment as to which is the true and correct one? It would seem so. It would even appear that that influential and once conservative journal has ignored the creed in which, if we are not mistaken, it educated others, and become a convert to the theory of the Radicals—the theory that secession was *right*, in point of doctrine, and was actually accomplished.

The *Whig*, in this, exhibits as great in consistency as the Radical leaders themselves. Their present declarations and action as to the status of the revolting States are *post bellum* opinions. Pending the war, they scouted such a doctrine in all their Congressional and other public utterances. The war was waged upon the idea and principle emphatically laid down and avowed by President Lincoln, in his Inaugural Address, in these words:

"It follows from these views that no State, upon its own mere motion, can lawfully get out of the Union; that resolves and ordinances to that effect are legally void, and that acts of violence within any State or States against the authority of the United States are insurrectionary or revolutionary, according to circumstances. I, therefore, consider that, in view of the Constitution and the laws, the Union is unbroken, and, to the extent of my ability, I shall take care, as the Constitution itself expressly enjoins upon me, that the laws of the Union be faithfully executed in all the States. Doing this I deem to be only a simple duty on my part. I shall perfectly perform it so far as is practicable, unless my rightful masters, the American people, shall withhold the requisition, or in some authoritative way direct the contrary. I trust this will not be regarded as a menace, but only as the declared purpose of the Union, that it will constitutionally defend and maintain itself."

MECKLENBURG COUNTY.—J. M. Hutchison, Esq., one of the Commoners from this County, has called our attention to an error in the Act "to allow fees to Justices of the Peace in Mecklenburg County, and to increase the fees of Constables in said County," as printed in the volume of Laws. The error consists in making the commission of Constables, on all sums collected in actions of contract, "*ten*" per cent. instead of "*two*" per cent. Whether this was the fault of the printer or of the copy of the original furnished from the office of the Secretary of State, we cannot say. The word *two*, as sometimes written, very much resembles *ten*, and no figures, generally, are inserted as a guide, as they should be.

For the information of our readers in Mecklenburg, we publish a certified copy of the Act, as it really passed:

AN ACT TO ALLOW FEES TO JUSTICES OF THE PEACE IN MECKLENBURG COUNTY, AND TO INCREASE THOSE OF CONSTABLES IN SAID COUNTY.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same*, That the Justices of the Peace in Mecklenburg county shall be allowed the following fees: For every State's warrant twenty-five cents; for every attachment fifty cents; for holding examination in criminal cases, fifty cents; for every hundred words used in reducing testimony to writing, ten cents; for every subpœna for a witness or juror, five cents; for original process in all cases where the intervention of a jury is required, one dollar; for every *ca-sa*, fifty cents.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That the fees of Constables in said county of Mecklenburg shall be increased fifty per cent. in criminal cases only, on those now fixed by law; also that they be allowed to retain a commission of *two* per cent on all sums collected in actions of contract.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That this act shall be in force and effect from and after its ratification.

In General Assembly read three times and ratified, this 22nd day of Dec., A. D. 1866.

R. Y. MCADEN,
Speaker House of Commons.
M. E. MANLY,
Speaker of Senate.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
Department of State,
Raleigh, July 25, 1867.

I, R. W. BEST, Secretary of State, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original act on file in this office.

R. W. BEST,
Secretary of State.

VERITAS, of the Greensboro *Patriot*, is respectfully assured that the article of the *Sentinel*, to which he refers, had no reference whatever to *his* article. We had not read it, when the article was written, nor have we read it since. Our article had no individual or personal reference to any one, but was written simply to reiterate the views we had offered a year ago, which we think sound and important to be considered in the future action of the State.

THE *National Intelligencer*, commenting on the call of the Congressional Republican Committee for money, says: "The issue daringly flung into the faces of honest freemen is, in one word, the Constitution of the Republic, or a band of desperate and degraded demagogues, who publish before your eyes their despair, unless some of you will furnish them money with which to corrupt the rest."

Senator Chandler doesn't care how much ruin he works. He is fond of ruin—especially "blue ruin."—*Frontier.*

SCHOOL AND DOMESTIC BOOKS.—We are always glad to hear of the preparation or publication of *any* Southern book, worthy of the name. We hope that our people, intelligent and qualified men and women, will devote their leisure time to the preparation of books on all *useful* subjects. We need *good* school books in nearly every department of literature, from the alphabet to the highest branch of science. We want school books that are *school* books, not books to *sell*, not books for the encouragement of lazy teachers, filled with questions and answers, and such expositions of science, as leave the student no *thinking* to do, but only make them to become mere *rote* scholars. We are forced to admit that, in our judgment, there has been no improvement in the preparation of modern school books. The object, almost entirely, seems to have been to make *teaching easy*—to leave nothing for the living teacher to do, but to hold the book and hear the pupil dole out what he has committed, but what he does not understand. There is little or no aim to *educate* the intellect, to make children think and reason and understand, but simply to make pupils go through the curriculum as soon as possible, and, when "*educated*," to be fit for nothing.

Now we want books, not as helps so much to lazy teachers, as books which are suggestive to both teacher and pupil, and which will give both enough to do in the work of education. Besides school-books, useful, real school-books, we want books on *all* useful subjects, to instruct and educate the masses; something that we do not get from the North, or very rarely.

We have several times alluded to Mrs. V. C. Barringer's book on cookery, &c., which we have not seen, but which has been spoken of favorably by some of the papers. This is said to be a good work.

One of our objects, in this matter, was specially to bring to the notice of publishers the existence of a thorough book on the whole subject of *Housekeeping*, which we learn has been in manuscript for some years, prepared by our intelligent towns woman, Mrs. Dr. Mason, and which was written at the special request of a number of young ladies, who had just completed their academic education, but who felt at an entire loss, should they be in any short time called upon to assume the responsibilities of domestic life. She redeemed her pledge handsomely, but the volume grew large, and, the war coming on, it has never yet been put to press, on account of the heavy expense to be incurred in its publication.

A year ago, we were made acquainted with these particulars. The work not only embodies thorough instruction in cookery, but all other branches of housewifery—the structure of the dwelling, how arranged, how and in what order to be kept, &c., the kitchen, the work-house, the dairy, the pantry, the smoke-house, the flower garden and walks, the kitchen garden, the vineyard and orchard, &c. On all these subjects, valuable and instructive information is given. The country needs such a book, and we have no doubt it would meet with a ready sale, if it were put to press by some competent and enterprising publisher. We hope it *will* be done, and that its accomplished authoress will consent to it.

THE CHICAGO *Times* aptly says: "The Northern people can rest assured that, when a Northern man reports to the press that he has been driven out of the South for his loyalty, they may properly set him down as either a horse or cotton thief whose absence was to be preferred to his company."

For the Sentinel.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I send you the following extract of a letter from Honduras, translated from the Spanish paper, *El Cronista*, of New York:

"A happy future is being prepared, as I think, for Honduras. An immense immigration of Southern people is directed to this Colony. Various influential individuals have already visited the Colony and examined the crown lands in order to establish settlements and towns—having chosen already two points, one near Icacos, where a village will be laid out which will bear the name of Port Austin, being the only good port on the coast of the bay of Honduras, and the other point is inland on the river Belize and will be called Buena Vista, near the Western frontier, and when it shall have been formed, will be a great defense against the future incursions of the Indians. Each village will in the course of two years have 500 souls. Already the House of Assembly has granted to those settling on the river Belize the permission of establishing a line of steamers which may navigate the river and develop the resources of the country—granting to the proprietors the exclusive right of navigation for five years; moreover, a subsidy of $100 for two weekly trips during the first six months."

John Van Buren once sauntered into one of our city courts and seated himself beside a friend who was conducting an important suit. After several questions had been put and exceptions taken, Mr. Van Buren, thinking that the ruling of the bench was a little odd, asked, in his peculiarly quiet way, "Who is on the other side in this case *besides the Judge?*"

[Fisher is another Judge of the same kind.]

Kilpatrick, minister to Chili, and Col. Bliss, secretary of legation to Prussia, still hold their commissions in the army, but have not drawn pay. It is said they have been notified and requested to resign their military commissions.

The friends of Mr. Davis have purchased a house for him in one of the most aristocratic streets in the city of Montreal, near Montreal Mountain, and he contemplates making this his future home.—*New York Herald.*

STANTON SNUBBED.—The President's message vetoing the last supplemental reconstruction bill was not presented nor read to Mr. Stanton for his opinion, and consequently he did not approve or disapprove the document prior to its presentation to Congress. All the other members of the Cabinet approve the message.

A writer in the Northern New York *Journal* states that he is satisfied, from long and careful experiments, that king-birds do not eat the honey-bees, but only the drones from the swarms.

Brigham Young has promised to abolish polygamy as soon as the Union is reconstructed, and has betrothed several of his youngest great grand-children to a boy not yet ten years of age.

Tide Water Correspondence.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

NEWBERN, N. C., July 25, 1867.

Commissioned to act as chronicler of daily occurrences in the tide water section of our brave old State, your correspondent saluteth the readers of the *Sentinel* with his most rectangular bow, and proceedeth, metaphorically speaking, to divest himself of his coat, likewise rolling up his sleeves, preparatory to those duties which require the manipulation of a barbed goose quill,—noting each passing event, and following wherever fancy leads.

The Elm City is deservedly admired for its abundance of luxuriant shade. Yesterday it was a *shade* hotter than any spot my wanderings have hitherto shown me. The caloric came down and the sand went up. Melting mortality sweltered and puffed.—Shirt-collars turned idolaters. Paper collars bowed to the sun. But it was good for the farmers. The low lands begin to dry up, and people who were ruined two weeks ago, now find they are not so bad off, after all. Some farms will turn out extraordinary crops this year. Lenoir County will probably carry off fresh honors in cotton raising. We know of two crops that are highly advanced and of a very superior quality. R. F. Outtea and J. H. Dibble, Esqs., are the fortunate proprietors,—both of Lenoir.

O! tempora; O! mores! (oh! hard times and lack of custom!) The translation may be a little free, but it echoes the daily lamentations of our tradesmen. All the curses of Donerailie could not wish greater stagnation in business circles than exists here. Mercantile and commission houses are discharging clerks or cutting down their salary, and small produce stores are beginning to "sell off at cost,"—disguised Sheriff's sales.

The druggists find some little relief in the prevalence of summer fevers, chills, &c., and some few wholesale merchants report cheerfully, but they are exceptions and rare.

Domestic markets are full. Fish, lobster and turtle can be had in any quantity. Water melons have been plentiful for some days. Green corn and tomatoes are no longer rarities.

We were shown three tomatoes, yesterday, grown by W. H. Hollister, Esq., which weighed, collectively, three pounds, lacking an ounce. One of them weighed over a pound. They were perfectly ripe and beautifully colored.

Of cotton we have none in the market. Corn, in large quantities, brings from $1.15 to $1.20, and retails at $1.35. Corn meal will bring $1.40. Average turpentine has averaged $3.25 this week. There is little of either of the above staples in market, and some demand.

Craven County Criminal Court is now in session with several important cases on its docket—among which may be mentioned those of Sturgiss and Hicks, notorious desperadoes, who have kept the country in a state of alarm for a twelvemonth.

Banvester Haywood, who appealed to the Supreme Court, will be finally disposed of this time. Chief Justice Pearson paid Judge Green a high compliment in his opinion in this case,—deciding that there was no error, and calling attention to one or more of his rulings.

Judge Green took the Court a little by surprise yesterday, by ordering the Sheriff to summon a *tales* jury irrespective of color; whereupon we soon were greeted with the novelty of a parti-colored jury. Three negroes were summoned. It was not a sight to call up pleasant reflections, and its practical workings were soon exhibited, when one of the colored jurors asked permission to make a few remarks, got up and began to make excuses for his employer who was being tried for some offence. The spectators were highly amused.

The murder of Bryan Williams, Deputy Sheriff, on Monday night, has set people to talking about Gen. Sickles and his order No. 10. It is very plain the negroes all go armed, at least all who can procure weapons, and men say it is an outrage that the whites should go about like sheep, and be slaughtered like sheep, without the slightest means of defence. Physicians, and those who have much night travelling to do, cannot be blamed if they violate the order.—Reports of robberies in Jones and Lenoir continue to come in daily and hourly; but they must be recorded *cum grano salis*.—For instance, the rumored robbery of Joel Kinsey, a short time since, although very circumstantial in detail, vouched for by gentlemen of reliability, and currently believed, turns out to have been a canard.—Mr. Kinsey was drying his meat in the sun, some one saw it and remarked that it was tempting the robbers. There the story began.

We have just received the list of Registrars for this county. They are C. A. Nelson, (black Republican of Massachusetts,) F. D. Slachter, (of New York and can scarcely speak English,) N. P. Angel, J. W. Dey, H. P. Doane, Charles Hibbard, (all whites, and immigrants from the North,) Richard Tucker, Moses Hill and C. P. Pierson (blacks.) Of the whites not a single one was or ever had been here before 14th of March, 1862, and are all noted for their Radicalism. As for the darkies, they are three very good negroes—two shoemakers and a preacher. They have all been attending to men's *soles* heretofore, but will now turn their attention to the state of their politics.

More to-morrow. R. A. S.

A Fort Valley, Ga., paper says: Young people desiring to run away and marry, will find this place to afford all the facilities necessary for a speedy union. Our depot agent is an ordained minister; our hotel keeper prepares a wedding feast three times a day, and half a dozen trains leave at different intervals for different destinations."

It is calculated that there are over two thousand idle black men in and about Memphis. They could all find work if they wanted it, making cotton, but they are persuaded by radical demagogues to wait in that city to vote. The bureau will soon have to begin feeding them.

Several negroes died recently in Tennessee, close neighbors to a radical candidate for Congress. Their friends were too poor to bury them, and applied for aid to the prominent radicals in the vicinity, among them the candidate. Not one dollar was obtained.

NOJOQUE IS NOT NO JOKE.—Those who have ascribed to me the origin of the title of my new book are mistaken. I got the word on the Pacific coast of our possessions at least sixteen years ago, and it is there descriptive of a thing of great value.

HINTON ROWAN HELPER.

A good many people have been puzzled to know what the "interests of God and humanity" are. They are the election of Radicals to office by "nigger" votes.—*Chicago Times.*

One of the richest men in New England, Augustus Hereway, of Boston, whose estate is valued at $5,000,000, is confined in an insane asylum.

Wool, according to quality, is sold in the New England States at present from forty to fifty cents per pound.

The wheat harvest is over in Missouri, the whole crop being considerably above the average, and the quality superior.

MARRIED,

By Rev. C. K. Marshall, at his residence, on the 13th. instant, D. F. M. FITZHUGH, of Warren county, Miss., to Miss HENRIETTA OLIVIA FORT, of Warren county, North Carolina.

At the residence of the bride's father, [Rev. T. G. Lowe,] in the town of Halifax, on Wednesday, the 17th. inst., by Rev. Jas. P Simpson, JAS. L. OUBRY, Esq., to Miss LIZZIE LOWE, both of Halifax county.

On Sunday morning, July the 14th, 1867, by Rev. F. H. Jones, THOMPSON L. JOHNSON and MARY J. HARRIS, all of Guilford county, N. C.

On the 2nd. inst., by Rev. E. A. Poe, at the residence of the bride's father, Dr. W. H. HORFMAN to Miss E. J. JENKINS, daughter of Col. D A. Jenkins, all of Gaston county, N. C.

In Greensboro, by the Rev. J. Henry Smith, on the 23rd instant, Mr. CORNELIUS MEBANE, of Cherokee county, N. C., and Miss JULIA P. SLOAN o' Greensboro, N. C.

By the same, on the 17th. instant, Lieut. JOHN M. HOOD, of Maryland, and Miss FLORENCE E HADEN, of Va., at the residence of Robt. P. Dick, Esq., Greensboro, N. C.

By the same, in the Presbyterian Church, Greensboro, on the 20th. June, Mr. GEORGE W. HARRELL and Mrs. JULIA A. HARRIS.

By the same, on the 4th. June, Col. WM. S. RANKIN, and Miss MILDRED J. DICK, youngest daughter of Judge John M. Dick, deceased, at the residence of Mrs. D. P. Weir.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
Fine " Handled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.

ALSO,

Spirits Turpentine.

July 27-299-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

HARDWARE!

TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK OF HARDware, I offer to the trade, at reduced price, the following invoice:

2 Doz. Elephant Axes, each 4½-5¼lbs, 4½-6lbs., 5-6¼lbs.
3 Doz. No 8 Cards, Cotton,
2 Doz. No. 6 Cards, Wool,
2 Doz. Weeding Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. Hilling Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. S. H. Pitch Forks,
3 Doz. Rowland Shovels,
1 Doz. Spades,
1 Doz. Grub Hoes,
4 Doz. Fry Pans, each 1, $3 75, 2 $4,50, 3 $6 00.
82 lbs. Hook and Eye Hinges.

These articles will be sold low and on accommodating terms, for negotiable paper.

July 27-299-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

M. CRONLY, AUCTIONEER,

BY

CRONLY & MORRIS.

CUBA MOLASSES!

CUBA MOLASSES!!

AT

AUCTION

ON FRIDAY, AUGUST 2ND., WE WILL SELL, at public Auction, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on our lower wharf, foot of Orange street, the entire Cargo of the Brig. John Balch, (just arrived from Cardenas,) consisting of

189 HHDS. PRIME CLAYED CUBA MOLASSES.

25 TIERCES " (BRIGHT AND HEAVY) Do.

The whole being sweet and in fine order, contained in bright new packages, with iron head hoops, and imported expressly for the Summer trade.

Terms at Sale.

WORTH & DANIEL.

Wilmington, July 27 299-3t

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making Certain Provision for one's Family."

BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any safe Company in the United States.

Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policey, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.

JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO. Agents.

Dr. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Examiner, Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

July 27-220-3m

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO., NEWBERN, N. C.

AGRICULTURAL HOUSE AND HARDWARE STORE.

SELL EVERY ARTICLE NEEDED BY THE Coach and Harness Maker: Rims, Spokes, Hubs, Axles, Enamelled Leather and Cloth, Harness Leather and Trimmings, Saddles, Harness, Bridles, &c., &c.

April 2-201-1t

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD. 1867 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Old Dominion Steamship Co., N. L. McCready, President, Office No 187, Greenwich Street, Corner Dey Street, Pier 37 North River, New York.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks, Agent, foot of Union Dock, and the Powhatan Steam Boat Company, J. Brandt, Jr., office 90 Light Street wharf,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, and Via. Annamessic line.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to Rail Road Agents, Portsmouth, Va., City Point and Petersburg, Va. Goods coming this way must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN, Freight Agt R & G R R.

July 26-298-tf

FOR SALE.

In the town of Newton, on the Western N. C. R. R., and near the celebrated Catawba White Sulphur Springs,

A HALF ACRE LOT ON MAIN ST.

one square from the Court House, with good Dwelling containing six rooms, office, stables and other out buildings, with a well of very good water.

Also, within the town limits,

NINE ACRES OF LAND,

five of which are well timbered with Oak and Hickory.

For particulars, apply to

L. M. RUDISILL, Newton, N. C.

July 24-296-2w*

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit system—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st. 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON, Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES, Agent for Raleigh.

July 4-280-eod3m

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN.

HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars, assets, all belong to, and are under the control of, its Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and notwithstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, and over 1,020,000 dollars to widows and orphans, there is now a surplus of over

6,000,000 DOLLARS.

This Company's Notes cannot be *assessed*, (nor even deducted from the Policy, as in a Stock Company, in case of death,) except on the limited endowment plan, but are canceled by anticipated dividends.

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT, General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. Pescud, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

July 18-293-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC, FOR 1868.

HAVING SECURED FROM THE PARTIES, (who alone have the right to publish Turner's North Carolina Almanac,) the exclusive privilege of selling the same in this State, we would therefore give notice that this is the only "*Turner's Almanac*" authorised to be published in this State. The Almanac is now in preparation and will be issued in a short time. All who wish to supply themselves with the well known and long established "Turner's N. C. Almanac," are solicited to send in their orders early.

A liberal discount made to dealers.

Address,
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers,
Opposite National Bank.

Raleigh, July 26-298-tf

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.

ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same

The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle its receiver to take rank as a scholar.

A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.

THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:

I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern, } Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. B. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics. } Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—Prof W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettres—President W. M. Wingate.

The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867. Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22.00.
" " " Collegiate Course $30.00.
Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15.
Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.

W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.

June 29-275-d1aw2m

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

AT COST!!

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!!!

IN consequence of the daily decline of Goods, I have resolved to offer to the Public,

AT COST,

all of my fine and well selected stock of

DRESS GOODS,
of *every description*
PRINTS,
of the newest patterns,
SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS,
of the most celebrated brands,
HATS and BONNETS,
of the latest styles,
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.,
in great variety.
SILK SACQUES AND MANTLES,
Hosiery, Gloves, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, &c. &c.

Together with a full and complete stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES,
of the best make.
TRUNKS and VALISES,
for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Remember this is no humbug, as the above Goods will be sold

AT COST,

For thirty days only;

And you will not have another chance very soon to buy your goods as cheap.

Come one and all, and look at the prices for yourself.

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

Raleigh, July 2-277-tf

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 23-294-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOS. F. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 19-294-6m

MISSES' HEELED KID SLIPPERS, WITH ROSETTES,

Sizes 11 to 1,—at 75c per pair

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

July 19-294-tf

LADIES' SEWED MORROCO BOOTEES, $1.25 to $1.50.

ALSO,

A large stock of Shoes, which we are closing out at greatly *reduced prices*.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

July 19-294-tf

WILLIAM LAMB,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NORFOLK, Va.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Lugs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,

In the Markets of

NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.

I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.

July 19-294-2m

LIME.

An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $14.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.

June 26-271-6m

WARM SPRINGS,

MADISON COUNTY, N. C.

THIS pleasant Summer Resort has been newly refitted, and is now open for visitors.

Board, per	Month,	$50 00
"	Week,	15 00
"	Day,	3 00

July 17-292-2w

FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has for sale a fine yoke of OXEN, and CART. Also, two or three good Milk Cows, that he will sell on moderate terms.

W. GASTON BANKS.

Clayton, N. C. July 12-288-2w

FARMER'S HALL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

In store, at manufacturers' prices with freight only added:

Sinclair's 20 Inch Wheat Thresher,
" Dixie Wheat Fan,
Clemmons, Brown & Co's Cotton Gin,
Sinclair's & Smith's celebrated Cutting Knives,
March's Cotton Plows and Corn and Cotton Cultivators.
Smiths' New Coulter Corn Cultivators,
Richmond Kentucky, No. 0, and T. S. Plows and Castings.
Scully's Improved Apple Mill, and Cider Press &c.

Orders for any implements solicited and goods sent to any point on the Rail Roads.

JAMES M TOWLES, Agent & Commission Merchant.

July 16-291-tf.

GREATEST BARGAINS OF THE SEASON.

2000 Yds. Calicoes, fast Colors, 10 and 12½c.

1,000 Yds. Fine Pacific Lawns, 1400 Cloth, 20c.

3-4 Lenos—good styles, 25 to 30c.

Shepherd plaid Mozambiques, 30 to 40c.

6-4 Linens—6 yards makes a full dress, at 60c.

CALL AND TAKE A LOOK

before we sell them all out

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF DOMESTIC GOODS.

Good bleached Shirtings, 12½c, 15c and 20c.
4-4 Brown Sheetings, 15 to 18c.
Good 10-4 Bleached Sheetings, 60c.

WE OFFER OUR

ENTIRE STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Call and see for yourselves.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Two ladies of experience and ability desire situations as Teachers. They are prepared to teach Music, Latin and French, with the English branches.

Best of references given, if required.

Address F. C., Box 9, July 25-296-2aw2w* Goldsboro, N. C.

N. C. LEAF LARD.

Perfectly sweet and beautiful, at

July 25-297-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

WE HAVE A SECOND HAND BUGGY AND Harness for sale, cheap.

JENKINS & PERRY.

July 25-297-tf

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

A small DWELLING HOUSE, in the north-western portion of the City, is offered for sale. For particulars, enquire at the office of NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY.

July 25-297-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

July 25-297-tf

LANDRETH'S

FRESH TURNIP SEED,

(CROP OF 1867.)

Early flat	Dutch	Turnip.
" Red	Top	Do.
" Snow	Ball	Do.
Large Pomeranian Globe		Do.
" Norfolk		Do.
Purple Top Ruta Baga	

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will hereafter estimated at 13 solid lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1867.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Important sale of Cuba Molasses, freshly imported, at auction in Wilmington, on the 2nd prox:—Worth & Daniel,—M. Cronly, Auctioneer, by Cronly & Morriss.

Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New York: Jno. G. Williams & Co., Agents, Raleigh.

Economical Pump and Well, Agricultural Implements, &c.: Mitchell & Allen, Newbern.

Knives, Forks and Spoons: J. Brown (with Hart & Lewis.)

Spirits Turpentine: J. Brown, (with Hart & Lewis,) No. 44, Fayetteville Street.

Hardware,—a variety stock: Douglas Bell, Market Square.

ARE YOU INSURED?—If not, you have neglected an important duty, which you owe to yourself and your family. By looking over the *Sentinel*, you will find, in its advertising columns, the announcements of four entirely reliable Companies, in either of which you can invest to advantage, viz: The Manhattan, of New York; the Ætna, of Hartford; the Connecticut Mutual Life and the North America.

REGISTERS FOR WAKE.—We have already announced the composition of District No. 1, for this County, with the assignment of Registrars thereto. The following is the entire arrangement for the County:

FIRST PRECINCT—Raleigh, Ridgeway, Dunnsville, Forestville, Rolesville, Wakefield: 1st Board—Theodore Joseph, Hanson T. Hughes, Wm. White.

SECOND PRECINCT—Spikes', Willie Lynn's, Morrisville, Hays' Store, Oak Grove, Laws' Store: 2d Board—T. F. Lee, Solomon Pool, Albert McGuire.

THIRD PRECINCT—Oaks, Barney Jones', Nat. Jones', Dupree's, Upchurch's, Franklin: 3d Board—Francis Lamson, Benjamin J. Harrison, Isaiah Hardee.

HEATED TERM.—Our telegraphic advices from all parts of the country represent the weather as almost unprecedentedly oppressive. In this latitude, for several days past, the thermometer has been at boiling point,—almost. Rain is greatly needed.

GOVERNOR'S MANSION.—The impression generally prevails that the military authorities of the United States have occupied the Executive Mansion of this State by force of arms. This is a mistake. Rent has been regularly paid for the use of the buildings, and Gov. Worth has not occupied them simply because he preferred to remain at his own private residence.—*Register.*

Our cotemporary is correct in the statement that the Executive Mansion has not been forcibly occupied by the military. We think that it is in error in saying that "rent has been regularly paid for the use of the buildings." We presume, of course, however, that this will be attended to in due time.

CORRECTION.—The Editor of the Wilmington *Journal* furnishes his paper with interesting notes of a trip to the Catawba White Sulphur Springs. Speaking of the crops along the route of his travel, he says:

"The cotton crop upon the plantation of Mr. M. A. Bledsoe, near Raleigh, was decidedly the best noticed during the trip. The ploughmen, of whom quite a number were at work near the Railroad, were white, and, unlike their sable cotemporaries on other plantations, did not stop while the train was passing. We do not undertake to say that the appearance of the crop was owing to the greater industry of the white laborers, nor do we even know that all the employees were white, much less do we desire to cast reflection upon the "wards of the Nation" or utter sentiments disloyal to the government."

Maximilian's death will be celebrated by a funeral service throughout the Austrian navy, and all their topmast flags veiled with crape for seven weeks.

The Nashville *Gazette* says: "Among the registers for bankruptcy in the State of Tennessee, there is not known to be a single native of the State. It might as well be a territory and have a military commander."

Brevet Major General Carlin has made an official report of his investigations of the recent riot at Franklin. In conclusion, he says it is perfectly safe to leave the whole affair in the hands of the Circuit Courts.

In the Criminal Court of Indianapolis, Indiana, last week, bills of indictment were reported against five different physicians for procuring abortions.

Ex-President James Buchanan has been engaged to lecture in Cincinnati next winter.

STATE NEWS.

—A large number of citizens of Warren, white and colored, assembled, in public meeting, at Warrenton, on Saturday last.—Albert Burgess presided, and Prof. J. H. Foote, John Hyman and Wm. Cawthorn acted as Secretaries. The meeting was addressed by Rev. J. B. Solomon, Rev. G. W. Brodie, Dr. Mat. Williams, Cæsar Johnson and James H. Harris. An interesting letter was read from D. R. Goodloe, Esq., who had been invited to address the assembly, but who was prevented from attending. From this letter we make the following capital extract, which administers a severe rebuke to some of the neophytes and "latter-day saints" of "Republicanism":

"There are eminent men in Congress, and in the Northern States, who have talked loosely about a general confiscation of the property of the Southern people. I am sure they have no real conception of the fearful calamities they would produce if their policy were carried out. They would ruin the black as well as the white, the loyal as well as the disloyal; for they would destroy all credit and confidence, all enterprise and effort, and thus make it impossible to give employment to laborers. All house servants, field hands, and laborers of every kind, would lose their places, if those who have property are to be deprived of it by confiscation. No crops would be raised; and starvation everywhere would follow, as it has followed in the track of the great armies which contended against each other in the South. If confiscation should take place, I warn the colored people against indulging the hope that they would get anything by it. I know the thing will never happen, and that it is morally impossible; but if we suppose for a moment that it is undertaken, we may be sure that it will call forth, or produce, the most heartless and corrupt set of officials that ever existed; and that they would steal everything, squander everything and leave nothing for the Government or for the colored people. But be assured that nothing of the kind is thought of by any considerable body of men in Congress. Demagogues may come among you and tell you otherwise to deceive you and to secure your votes; but they are as little your friends as they are the friends of the white people. If you doubt it, ask them how long they have been the champions of your rights. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, you will find that such men would have sold you to the sugar planters and cotton planters of the far South, at any time before you were set free."

—Funds are being subscribed by citizens of Wilson to aid in erecting a Roman Catholic Church in that town.

—Mr. George Macon died in Warren County, on the 13th. inst., at the advanced age of eighty-five years.

—C. B. Mallett, Esq., President of the Western (or Coalfields) Railroad, and Mr. Jones, Engineer of the same Road, will visit Greensboro, says the *Patriot*, about the last of next week, and will be pleased to see all friends of the extension of that Road to the N. C. Central, and adopt some plan of operations for the completion of the same.

—The Sheriff of Forsythe has started out on his tax collecting tour. The aggregate amount of the State and County taxes due by the County is nearly $10,000. If our friends above have been as energetic and thrifty as they were last year, the dried blackberry crop will pay it.

—The Greensboro *Patriot* says that owing to the engagements of Mr. Zimmer, as General Southern Agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, he has found it necessary to withdraw from the Guilford Land Agency. We are pleased to know, however, that the Company, with J. B. Gretter, Esq., as General Agent, will be continued as heretofore. Those who have land for sale, or those who wish to purchase, will find it to their interest to address Mr. Gretter, Agent of the Company."

THE DISTRICT COMMANDERS.—It is undoubtedly in the contemplation of the Administration to adopt some plan by which uniformity of action can be attained among the district commanders in carrying out the legislation of Congress respecting the unrepresented States. Whether this can better be accomplished by calling them to Washington for conference, or whether the object can be accomplished by correspondence, will probably rest with the commanders themselves. We have already suggested that the Cabinet are a unit upon the point that the President must see that the laws are properly executed, and it results that uniformity in the construction and practice under the laws passed by Congress for reconstructing the Southern States must be enforced by appropriate and effective means.—*National Intelligencer, 24th.*

THE BUREAU IN TENNESSEE.—A report has been received at the Freedmen's Bureau, from Brevet Major General Carlin, Assistant Commissioner for the State of Tennessee, detailing the operations of the Bureau there during the month of June, in which it is stated that the character of the freedmen for industry has stood high during the month. The crops have been abundant, and probably the largest ever raised in Tennessee. Notwithstanding this fact, there has been a disposition among all classes of destitute people to look to the Bureau for support, and the Assistant Commissioner therefore suggests the propriety of discontinuing all issue of rations, except to the hospital or phan asylum. With reference to the temperance cause, which has been introduced among the freedmen, the Assistant Commissioner reports that the colored people generally do not sign the pledge. One reason for this indifference is that the colored preachers are drinking men. They do not advocate total abstinence among their people, nor practice it themselves.

We are inflexibly opposed to making a man's color any touchstone of his fitness or of his right to vote or hold office. If Mr. Frederick Douglass or Mr. John M. Langston is eminently fitted for any office, let him be chosen thereto because of his fitness, without regard to his color. To propose a man for a high office because he is white, or black, or yellow, is to disparage and insult him. Besides, if color is to be a qualification, Douglass and Langston would stand no chance with others who are twice as black as they are.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

A piney woods poet begins an ode to Gen. J. E. Johnston with the following stanza:

No false and vain anxesis would I see—
But truly his great virtues see and scan—
Truth's atroscope I give my candid muse
To view a bright star in the sky of man.

A Georgia bard describes ex-Governor Brown's political status in the following classic couplet:

"Old Joe ratin' up behin' and befo',
And de niggers all a kickin' up around old Joe."

The Illinois State House will cost about ten millions of dollars, and will require twenty years to build.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Friday Evening Dispatches.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RADICAL CONVENTION—THEY PROPOSE TO RUN A NEGRO FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

COLUMBIA, July 26.

In the Republican Convention the proceedings were harmonious. The platform adopted is essentially the same as that at Charleston, and in many respects similar to that of the Radicals of Tennessee. Mild confiscation was proposed but voted down. An effort to add Radical to the name of the party was unsuccessful.

A resolution was introduced that the colored race, on account of their *loyalty*, are entitled to the nomination of one of their color for Vice President of the United States, at the next election. Pending its discussion the Convention adjourned to 10 o'clock to-morrow.

W. J. Armstrong, of Washington, D. C., addressed the citizens last night at 8 o'clock.

ARRIVAL OF COOLIES.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26,—M.

The American Brig *Wm. Robertson*, from Havana, arrived at Pas Aloutri last evening, having on board twenty-three Coolies. Other shipments of smaller numbers had already arrived, and are at work on the plantations.

BRITISH HONDURAS—PROBABILITY OF GEN. MEADE'S SUCCEEDING GEN. SHERIDAN.

WASHINGTON, July 26—M.

A letter from the British Honduras, of July 13th, says that another steamer had arrived from the United States, with a large number of emigrants. The Legislature, as inducements to settlers, exempts all settlers from duties and taxes for three years, admits stock, implements furniture and provisions free, and gives land and money to able-bodied settlers.

A dispatch to the *Herald* says, that Meade is selected to succeed Sheridan, when the President gets ready to move in the matter.

ROW IN ROGERSVILLE, TENNESSEE—TWO MEN KILLED—SEVEN MORTALLY AND THIRTY SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

NASHVILLE, July 26, P. M.

It is reported that a riot has occured at Rodgersville. A shot was fired at Etheridge, and continued volleys were fired by both parties. A white Conservative and a black Radical were killed, seven were mortally and thirty slightly wounded. Etheridge is uninjured.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 26,—M.

Cotton quiet and steady, 27@27½.
Turpentine dull, 58.
Gold $1 39½. 5-20 Coupons of '62 $111½.

LIVERPOOL, July 26, M.

Cotton sales 10 000 bales. Uplands 10¼. Orleans 10½. Sales of 7,000 bales.

LONDON, July 26 M.

Consols 94¼. Bonds 73¾.

GEORGIA NEWS.

AUGUSTA, July 26, P. M.

Heavy showers fell to-day with indications of a continuance. The accounts from the interior are favorable to the crops.

Two colored children were killed by lightning to-day.

The freedmen are holding meetings throughout the State and are being addressed by Radical speakers white and black, who urge upon the freedmen the duty and necessity of supporting their party.

SUICIDE.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 26, P. M.

Hon. Daniel McKee, formerly a member of Congress, shot himself this morning.

THE SUBRATT TRIAL—INDIAN COMMISSION—RADICAL CONGRESSMEN TO STUMP OHIO—REVENUE.

WASHINGTON, July 26—P. M.

Judge Fisher admits the evidence regarding the running of trains, provided Surratt is connected with them. A half dozen witnesses testified against Dr. Bissett's truthfulness, and others testified to his good character, saying that those who testified against him, had had church difficulty with him. The evidence is drawing to a close. It is now supposed that the arguments will be very lengthy.

The President has appointed Generals Sherman, Harney and Terry as members of the Indian Commission. The commission assembles at St. Louis on the 1st. prox.

Senators Patterson and Wilson, and Representatives Broomall, Culloon, Logan, Schofield, Kelly, and Paine will stump Ohio for the Radical ticket.

Revenue receipts to-day, $818,000.

UNDERWOOD'S COURT—ORDER OF GEN. SCHOFIELD.

RICHMOND, July 26, P. M.

The U. S. District Court commenced its session to-day. Judge Underwood, in his charge, said the Grand Jury would have a new class of cases before them in which illegal registration would be charged. He urged moderation, as many had registered upon the strength of the Attorney General's opinion, and that of the District Commanders, and had not intended to commit perjury. If any were presented it should not be the ignorant but the prominent men who knew better.

The following is an order from Gen. Schofield:

HDQR'S FIRST MILITARY DISTRICT,
STATE OF VIRGINIA,
RICHMOND, VA., July 26, 1867.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 47.

First—In accordance with section six, of the act of July 19th, 1867 construing the words "executive" or "judicial officer of any State," as used in the registration oath prescribed by the act of March 23rd, 1867, Paragraph 4, of the instructions published in General Orders No. 34 from these Headquarters, June 3rd, 1867, is hereby amended so as to read: Governor, Lieut. Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of Public Accounts, 2nd Auditor, Register of the Law Office, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Sheriffs, Sergeants of a city or town, Commissioners of the Revenue, County Surveyors, Constables, Overseers of the Poor, Commissioners of the Board of Public Works, Judges of the Supreme Court, Judges of the Circuit Court, Judges of the Court of Hustings, Justices of the County Courts, Mayors, Recorders and Aldermen of cities or towns, Coroners, Escheators, Inspectors of Tobacco, Flour, &c., Clerks of the Supreme, District, Circuit and County Courts, and of the Court of Hustings, and Commonwealth's Attorney.

Second—Boards of Registration will be governed by the above amended list of Executive and Judicial officers in revising the registration at the second session of the Boards to be held as required by paragraph 17 of the regulations. The Boards will transfer to the lists of rejected the names of all persons who may have been improperly registered, and will register all persons entitled to vote, who may have failed from any cause, whatever, to be registered at the first session of the board.

Third—The Boards of Registration will hold their second session with unnecessary delay after the receipt of this order, and after giving the ten days notice required.

By command of Brig. and Brevet Major General Schofield, R. F. CHALFIN, A. A. G.

The city is full of rumors about changes in the city officers, and it is generally understood that the military authorities are about to make many new appointments.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA RADICAL CONVENTION.

COLUMBIA, July 26, P. M.

To-day in the Convention, the time was consumed in the discussion and election of officers, and a State Central Committee. The President and Treasurer elected are white, and the vice President and secretary are colored.

One white delegate tendered his resignation to-day. He said he could not subscribe to the platform adopted by the Convention. In accepting it, the President of the Convention, colored, said he was glad to accept it, as he didn't want Judas amongst them.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 26—P. M.

Cotton firm—sales of 1,500 bales at 27@27½c.
Wheat dull—Amber Southern $2 40@2 53; White $2.60@2.70.
Corn, mixed Western, $1,00@$1,04.
Turpentine 57½@58. Rosin $3,02½@8,50.
Stocks strong. Money 5. Gold $1,39½. 5-20 coupons of '62 $111½@$111¾.

BALTIMORE, July 26—P. M.

Cotton firm—Low Middling 25@25½, Middling 26½@27c.
Flour quiet—City Mills, extra quality, $12.
Wheat dull—Red $1,95@2 45; Medium Grades $2.35.
Corn steady. Prime white $1,25. Yellow $1,15@$1,16.

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,
REV. R. BURWELL & SON.
Charlotte, July 12-288-3tawtOct 1.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR

Thos. Branch & Co., Richmond, Va. — Branch, Sons & Co. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24½
" Clarendon	6
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	16
" " at Graham	23
" North Carolina	46
" Roxboro'	52
" Thomasville	52
" Wadesborough	24
" Washington	14
" Wilmington	24
" Yanceyville	9
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	29
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF SOUTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	14
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	85
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	45
" Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	24
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	23
" " Lexington	16
" Commerce	16
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	25
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	23
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c, will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-296-3m

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	18@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	18@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	19
CHICKENS, Spring,	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	10@15
FLOUR	11 00@20 00
FODDER	1 50
HERRINGS	6@ 75@$12
HIDES—Green	10c pr lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	$1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 45@1 50
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4@
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@25
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and sales dull at above quotations. Corn scarce and in demand. Flour declining in consequence of quantity of new crop being brought to market.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Gent's ready made CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS,

AT COST

For thirty days only,
at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

Only two more cases of those find CALF BOOTS at $4,00.
at
M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by
WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

BEST KEROSENE OIL.

Lamps and Wicks.
6 doz. Collins & Co's Axes.
J. BROWN,
July 24-296-tf With HART & LEWIS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONCORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

The next Session will commence on the first Monday of September and will close on the 26th. of December.

Partial payments will be required in advance. Ninety dollars paid in advance will settle the whole account for tuition, board and contingent fee for the session.

Moderate extra charges will be made for Music, Latin, French, Drawing and Ornamental Penmanship.

For Circulars, address,
J. H. M. CALDWELL,
July 25-297-1w&3w* Statesville, N. C.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,
LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA,

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June.

Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by Canal, or by stage from Bonsack's on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-276-5w

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,
FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to
T. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

THOMASVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE,
THOMASVILLE, N. C.

REV. D. R. BRUTON, A. M., PRESIDENT, and Professor in Mental and Moral Philosophy and Belles Lettres.

JOHN M. DAVIS, A. M., Professor in Mathematics and Ancient Languages.

———, Professor in Natural Sciences.

Mrs. NANNIE S. DAVIS, Teacher in English Literature and Assistant in Music.

Miss THEO. A. WELFARE, Teacher French and Assistant in English.

Miss CARRIE M. BUTORER, Teacher in Music.

———, Teacher in Oil Painting, Drawing &c.

Mrs. M. W. DAVIS, Matron.

The Fall Term of the next Collegiate year will commence on Thursday, 30th. of July, and close 20 weeks thereafter.

For Catalogue, giving full particulars, address the President.

June 28-274-4w

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,
WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental, and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly seas n.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MAR-HALL, Mrs. M. J. WILCOX, or Rev. Wm. HOOPER, D. D.

June 21-267-42m

YADKIN COLLEGE AND
B. F. SEMINARY,
Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accommodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter ten young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer, and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, sound in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5.00 to $20 00. Payment in advance.
Board, $45.00.
Entrance, $1.00.
Board is $10.00, if paid by the month.
For further information, address,
REV. G. W. HEGE, A. M.
July 3-278-dwawlawtw. President.

MISS MANGUM'S PRIVATE SCHOOL.

The tenth Session of Miss Mangum's School for Young Ladies, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, will commence on the 1st. of August, 1867.

For Circulars, address,
Miss M. P. MANGUM,
Care of Dr. J. F. CAIN,
June 12-269-6w Hillsboro, N. C.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY,

Will resume duties on 22d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $31.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address,
GEO. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.
June 27-272-tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1,00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-tf B. CRAVEN.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,
WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The 5th. Session of this School will commence July 18th. and continue 20 weeks.

TUITION: Classics $25; Elementary Branches $20.

BOARD, including every thing except lights and towels, $75.

No deduction made except in case of protracted sickness, Location healthy. Neighborhood pleasant. Pupils will be met at Littleton Dep't, if requested.

Address,
JOHN GRAHAM, Principal; or
Rev. C. M. COOK,
July 11-287-2w* Littleton, N. C.

$800,000 N. C. Bonds for Sale.

TREASURY DEPT. OF N. C.,
RALEIGH, July 24, 1867.

THE BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS, in consequence of a certificate to them under An Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize the President and Directors of the Western North Carolina Rail Road Company to [illegible] said Road under contract," ratified 27th. February 1867, having notified me to subscribe for eight hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock of said Company, in order to pay said subscription, sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned on or before the 10th. day of August, 1867, for the purchase of eight hundred thousand dollars bonds of the State of North Carolina, with coupons for interest at 6 per cent. payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year at the National Bank of the Republic in the city of New York, and the principal payable at the end of thirty years from the 1st. July, 1867, said bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000, each.

As collateral security, for the payment of each bond, ten shares of stock in the North Carolina Rail Road Company are mortgaged, in accordance with "An Act to enhance the value of the Bonds, to be issued for the completion of the Western North Carolina Rail Road and for other purposes," ratified 19th. December, 1866.

The aforesaid Bonds are exempt from taxation. No bid for less than *par* will be entertained.

KEMP P. BATTLE,
July 26-298-1d Public Treasurer.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, MAY TERM, 1867.

In rem. On the matter of Romulus M. Saunder's will.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that William J. Saunders, and Bradly T. Johnson, and his wife Jane Johnson, heirs at law of the testator, the said R. M. Saunders, reside beyond the limits of this State; it is ordered that advertisement be made in the Semi-Weekly *Sentinel*, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held on the 3rd. Monday in August next, then and there to see proceedings in the matter, and to make themselves parties thereto, if they shall see proper so to do.

Witness, J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 3rd. Monday in May, A. D 1867.
J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.
June 19-2awSw

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE,
VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE,
made last year.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 5-281-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 1-276-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 11-287-tf Raleigh, N. C.
Standard and Progress copy.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!! HERRINGS!!!

50 Barrels N. C. Cut Herrings,
50 " No. 1, Gross Herrings, Norfolk Inspection,
Barrels Cocoa Nuts.
Just received and for sale by
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July -276-tf

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins.
Eagle, " "
Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins
Daniel Pratts' reliable " "
Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
H. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,
Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,
Scully's Cider and Wine Mill,
All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,
Plantation Bells,
Union and Doty's Washing machines,
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,
We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices, and warrant all we sell.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

REFER TO
A. T. Mial, Wake Co.
D. Hinton, " "
G. W. Mordecai, " "
Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.
Col. J. M. Heck, Warren, Co.
Raleigh, N. C. July 10-286-tf
Standard and Progress.

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.

10 Half Boxes fine Chewing Tobacco manufactured in 1863.
Call and see it.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16 291-tf

THE VERY BEST.

We have just received a supply of the justly celebrated,
CYGNET CHEWING TOBACCO,
manufactured by Kingsbury and Thomas.
Apply early.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 15-289-tf Wholesale Grocers.

1000 BUSHELS NICE WHITE CORN just received and for sale.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

N. C. CIDER VINEGAR, MOLASSES, AND the best N. C. Apple Brandy.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

THE BEST N. C. FAMILY FLOUR MADE OF new wheat.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, STARCH AND SOAP just received and for sale.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FAMILY GROCERS.

SHOVELS!
SPADES!!
PITCH FORKS!!!

Six Dozen SHOVELS, SPADES and long handled Forks, which will be sold at Baltimore Cost, on account of shippers, by
DOUGLAS BELL,
July 24-296-tf Market Square.

COFFEE MILLS! SIFTERS!!

TWO DOZEN COFFEE MILLS!
THREE DOZEN SIFTERS!!

ALSO,

Two hundred pounds FLAT IRONS, to which the attention of housekeepers is particularly called, as they will be sold at invoice price to close sales.
DOUGLAS BELL,
July 24-296-tf

CHOICE BACON!

We have a fine lot of those choice POMONA HAMS, which we cannot too highly recommend; and also a supply of N. C. and Baltimore SIDES.
July 23-296-tf JENKINS & PERRY.

BALTIMORE LEAF LARD,
Very nice, at
JENKINS & PERRY'S
July 23-296-tf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

Manufactured by the late Mr. McKnight, of Franklin County. The very *contrase of sweet!* Try it.
JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

PEACHES, APPLES &c.

We have an arrangement, by which we will keep daily supplied with
FRESHLY GATHERED FRUITS.
Just to think of Milk and Peaches, Preserves and Apple Pies! There is something in the contemplation of them akin to the sweet memories of *Strawberries and Cream!*
JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

BACON!
BACON!!
BACON!!!

One thousand pounds C. R. Sides, Prime.
One thousand pounds Shoulders and five hundred pounds of those nice SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, are to day received and for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL,
July 25-297-tf Market Square.

NOTICE!!!

My Store having been repaired, and my new Stock having arrived, I am again prepared to furnish my customers
"CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES."
I invite attention to the following carefully selected articles:
Prime Southampton Bacon,
No. 1 Refined Lard, (25 lb. Kegs,)
Family Flour,
Bolted Meal,
Java, Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
White Old Texas,
Sugars of all grades,
Molasses and Syrup,
Family Roe Herring,
Rice, Salt,
Soap, Starch, &c.
All of which I will sell at lowest market price.
DOUGLAS BELL,
July 13-289-tf Market Square.

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO!

We have just received a very choice article of
Extra Sun Cured Chewing Tobacco,
Superior to that announced a week ago. Try it by all means.
JENKINS & PERRY.
July 2-277-tf

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Another lot PRIME CORN, just received, which will be sold at lowest market price, by
DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

HOES! WEEDING HOES! HILLING HOES!

Twelve Dozen "Elwell's" WEEDING AND HILLING HOES, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, for sale at reduced price, by
DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL
DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE
TO THE WEST.
BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* states from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangments have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obt

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1867.

THE TOAST.

The feast is o'er! Now brimming wine
In lordly cup is seen to shine
Before each eager guest;
And silence fills the crowded hall,
As deep as when the herald's call,
Thrills in the loyal breast.

Then up arose the noble host,
And smiling cried, "A toast, a toast,
To all the ladies fair.
Have before all I pledge the name
Of Staunton's proud and beauteous dame;
The lady of Gundamere."

Then to his feet each gallant sprung,
And joyous was the shout that rung,
As Stanley gave the word;
And every cup was raised on high,
Nor ceased the loud and gladsome cry
Till Stanley's voice was heard.

"Enough, enough," he smiling said,
And lowly bowed his haughty head,
"That all may have their due,
Now each in turn must play his part,
And pledge the lady of his heart
Like gallant knight and true!"

Then one by one each guest sprung up,
And drained in turn his brimming cup,
And named the loved one's name;
And each, as hand on high he raised,
His lady's grace or beauty praised,
Her constancy and fame.

'Tis now St. Leon's turn to rise,
On him are fixed those countless eyes;
And gallant knight is he;
Envied by some, admired by all,
Far famed in lady's bower and hall,
The flower of chivalry.

St. Leon raised his kindling eye;
Lifting the sparkling cup on high,
"I drink to one," he said,
"Whose image never may depart,
Deep graven on this grateful heart,
Till memory be dead.

"To one whose love for me shall last
When lighter passions long have past,
So holy 'tis, and true;
To one whose love hath longer dwelt,
More deeply fixed, more keenly felt,
Than any owned by you."

Each guest upstarted at the word
And laid his hand upon his sword,
With fury-flashing eyes;
And Stanley said: "We crave the name,
Proud knight, of this most peerless dame,
Whose love you count so high."

St. Leon paused, as if he would
Not breathe her name in careless mood
Thus lightly to another;
Then bent his noble head as who
Would give that word its reverence due,
And gently said: "My Mother!"

A HARD YARN FROM A RELIGIOUS PAPER.—Mr. W. J. Mills writes to the New York *Christian Advocate*, from West Virginia, (near Morgantown, probably,) as follows:

There is one man, by the name of Conway, in Chest Mountains, who has just lately heard of the war. He lives twenty miles from any human habitation, and has not paid taxes for years. He is contented to live with his wife, ignorant even of the affairs of his country, and spends his days hunting and fishing. He said he had understood a few years ago there was a little fuss about something, but did not suppose it had amounted to anything.

A prisoner, whose name was Dick Swivel, *alias* "stove-pipe Pete," was placed at the bar:

Judge—"Bring the prisoner into court."

Pete—"Here I am, bound to blaze, as the spirits of turpentine said, when it was all afire."

"We will take the fire out of you. How do you live?"

"I ain't particular, as the oyster said when they asked him if he'd be roasted or fried."

"We don't want to hear what the oyster said or the spirits of turpentine. What do you follow?

"Anything that comes in my way, as the locomotive said when it run over a man."

"Don't care anything about the locomotive." What's your business?"

"That's various, as the cat said when she stole the chicken."

"That comes nearest to the line, I suppose."

"Altogether in my line, as the rope said when it was choking the pirate."

"I hear any more absurd comparisons I will give you twelve months."

"I am done, as the steak said to the cook."

The Boston correspondent of the New York *Evening Post* tells the following anecdote of General Meagher:

"The last time I met him was at Nashville, Tennessee, before he came out in favor of the Republican party. He was full of anecdotes of the war, and especially of his Irish brigade. One story that he told is too good to be lost, and has never been published. He said he was leading his men to the front, in one of the Seven Day's battles, I believe, along the wet and miry roads of Virginia, when an aide rode by and gave him the news that our army had carried a certain strategic point and captured several colors.

'D'ye hear that boys?' shouted Meagher; 'Our men have won the day and captured the enemy's colors.'

'Just as I said that,' remarked Meagher, a private who was plugging along, out of one mud hole into another, looked up to me and said:

'Ah, Gineril! I'd rather have a pint o' Dinnis McGinnis's whisky than all the colors in the rainbow!'"

Artemus Ward was fond of telegraphing, and studied it for amusement. He was a very good "sender." To the telegram of a California Lecture Committee, "What will you take for one hundred nights?" Artemus replied promptly, "Brandy and water."

A man having fallen into a slough, his friend called loudly to another for assistance. The latter, who was busily engaged in cutting a log, and wished to procrastinate, inquired, "How deep is the gentleman in?" "Up to his ankles," was the answer. "Then there is plenty of time," said the other. "No, there's not," rejoined the first, "for he's in head first."

A Quaker gentleman riding in a carriage with a fashionable decked with a profusion of jewelry, heard her complain of the cold. Shivering in her lace bonnet and shawl as light as a cobweb, she exclaimed: "What shall I do to get warm?" "I really don't know," replied the Quaker, solemnly, "unless thee put on another breastpin."

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL,

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Godspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jones Smith & Co's. line of New York sail packets.

May 5-15-1y

GENERAL ORDER NO. 39.

HEADQUARTERS 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT,
Charleston, May 20.

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen, a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drank on the premises where liquor is sold, the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation, storage or insurance of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8 In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all citizens therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES.

J. W. CLOUD, A. A. A. G.

BOOK STORES.

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.

Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.

For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 29-249-tf

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February. We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell for *small profits*.

In order to *sell* well one must *buy* well, and this several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 22-268-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods.,

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn or shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS
of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 8-206-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth districts.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions, Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion or felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER.
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United states, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God," which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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may 16-w1ma&wtf8epd. Superintendent.

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Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

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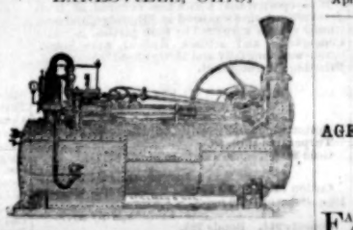

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This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Rich-Square, Northampton county, N. C.

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M. W. SMALLWOOD, } Trustees.
JOHN TILLERY. }
July 6-283-td

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April 8-206-1y

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May 22-243-3m

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